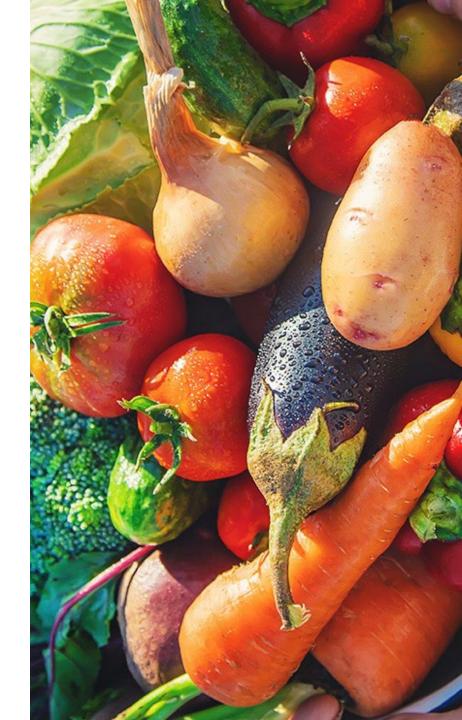


USDA's Actions on Nutrition Security: The Role of the Healthcare Sector

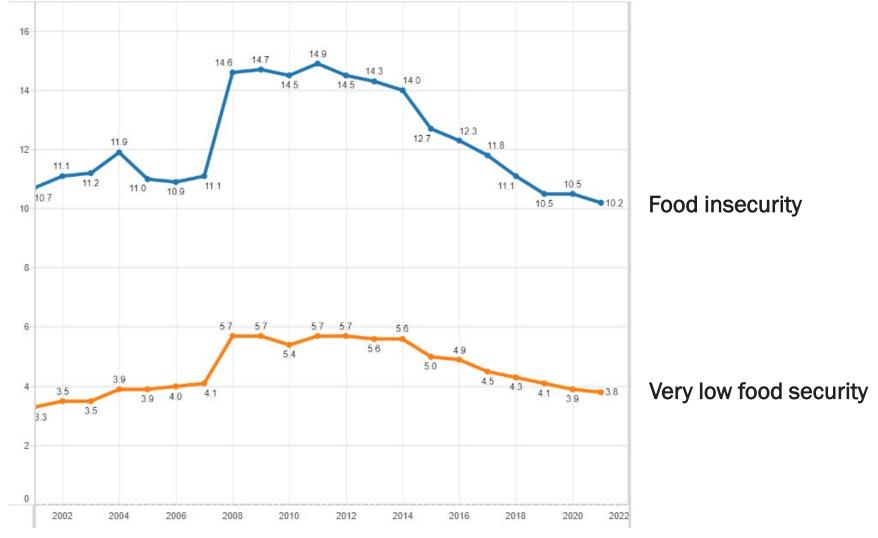
Children's Hospital Association / AAP Webinar Series

Alberto Gonzalez, MPP, Senior Advisor for External Engagement, USDA Food and Nutrition Service

Sara Bleich, PhD, Director of Nutrition Security and Health Equity, USDA Food and Nutrition Service



Trends in the prevalence of food insecurity and very low food security in U.S. households, 2001-21, percent of households

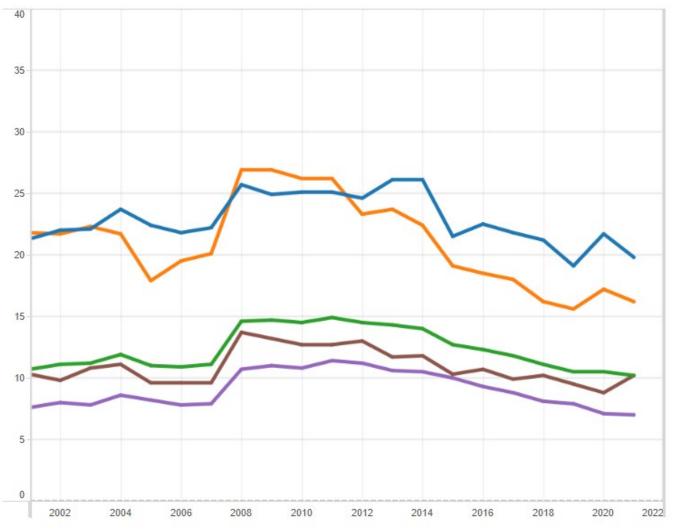




Coleman-Jensen A, Rabbitt MP, Gregory CA, and Singh A. *Household Food Security in the United States in 2021*. Economic Research Report No. (ERR-309), published September 2022

Trends in food insecurity by race and ethnicity, 2001-21

Percent of households



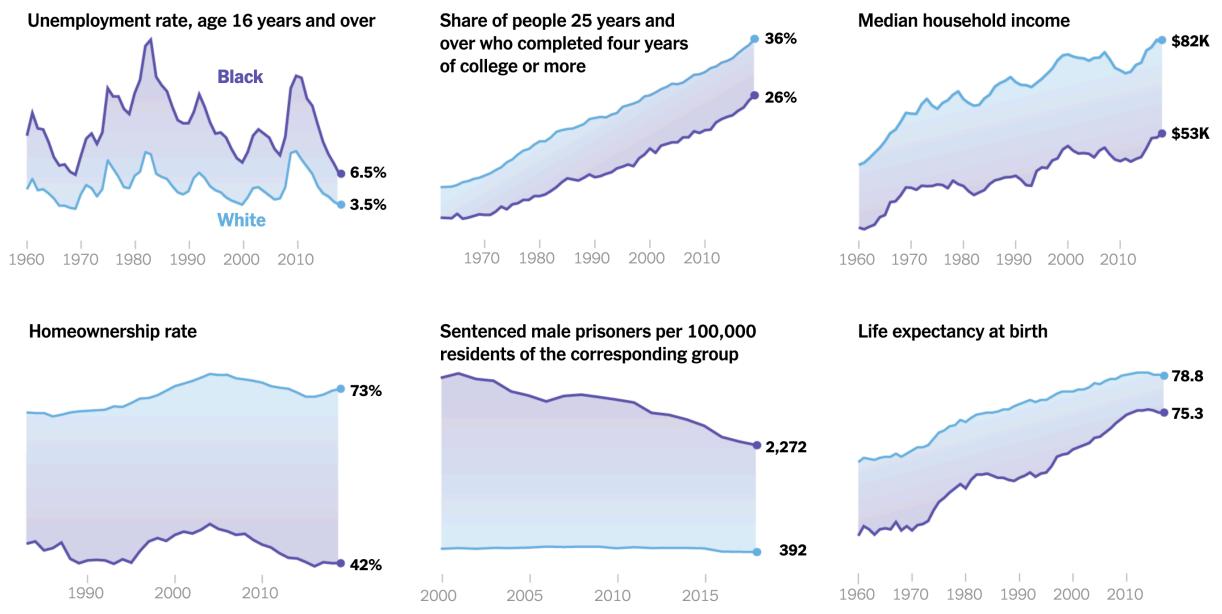
Black, non-Hispanic Hispanic

All Households
Other, non-Hispanic
White, non-Hispanic

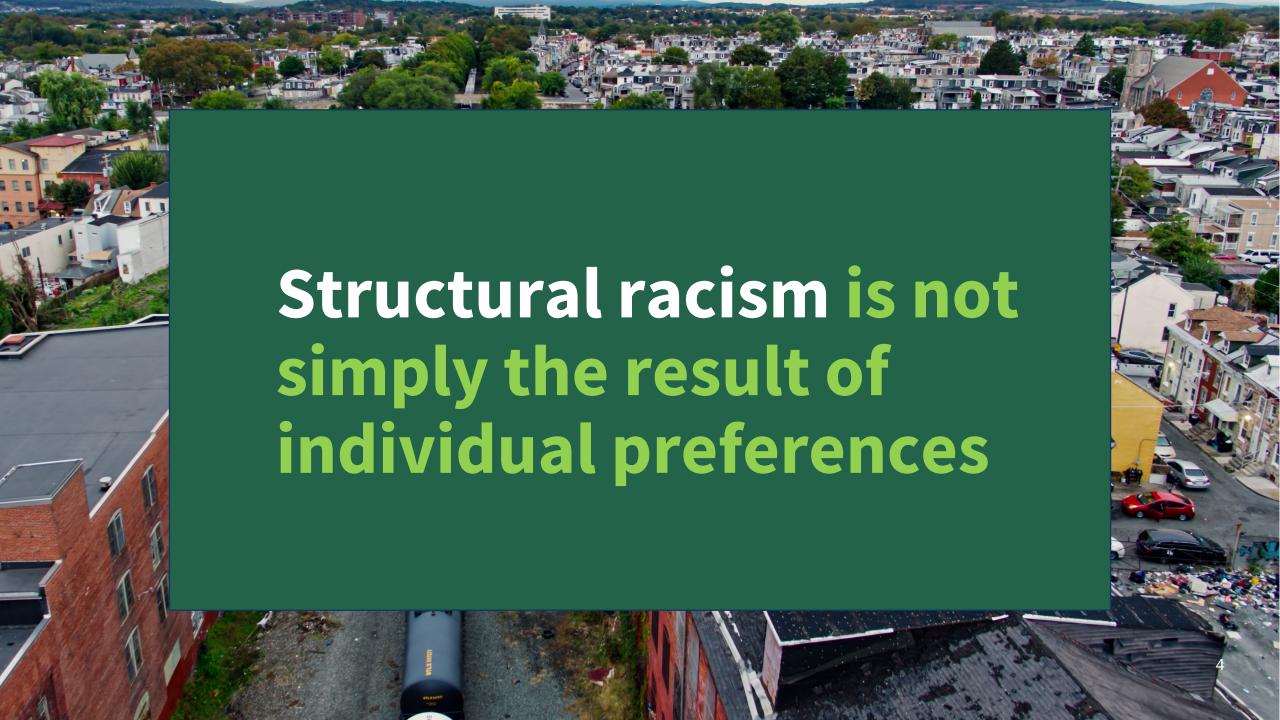


Coleman-Jensen A, Rabbitt MP, Gregory CA, and Singh A. *Household Food Security in the United States in 2021*. Economic Research Report No. (ERR-309), published September 2022

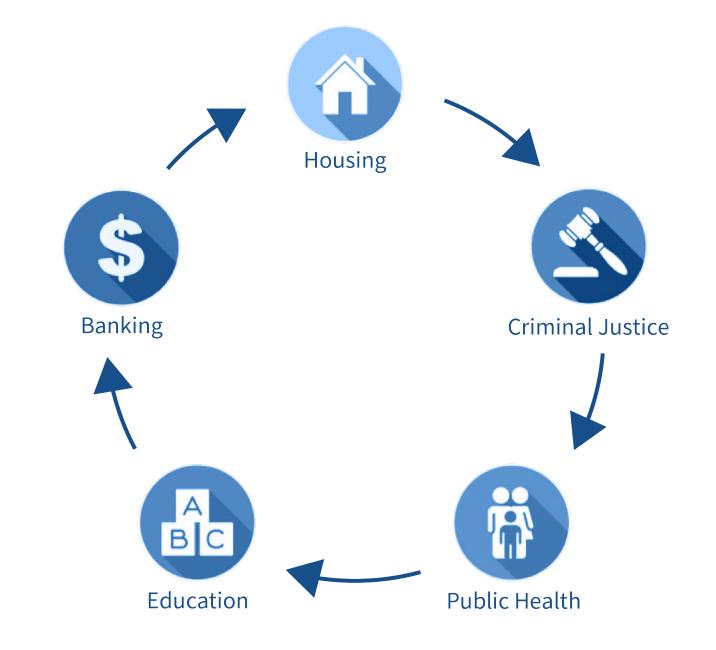
Racial inequity is evident in many domains



NY Times (2020). The gaps between white and black American, in charts. https://www.nytimes.com/interactive/2020/06/19/opinion/politics/opportunity-gaps-race-inequality.html



Structural racism in practice





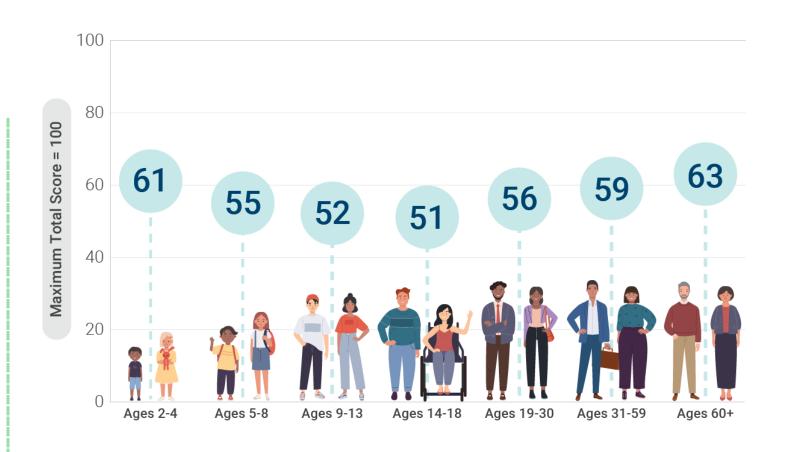
Improving dietary intake is critical

6IN10 ADULTS

are living with one or more diet-related chronic diseases







NOTE: HEI-2015 total scores are out of 100 possible points. A score of 100 indicates that recommendations on average were met or exceeded. A higher total score indicates a higher quality diet.

Data Source: Analysis of What We Eat in America, NHANES 2015-2016, ages 2 and older, day 1 dietary intake data, weighted.

Nutrition security:

Consistent and equitable access to healthy, safe, and affordable foods essential to optimal health and wellbeing









Building on longstanding efforts to address food insecurity

















1 in 4 Americans is served by one of USDA's 15 nutrition assistance programs

Uniquely positioned to impact food and nutrition security

- Nutrition assistance programs
- Dietary Guidelines and MyPlate
- Nutrition education and promotion
- Other USDA equities



USDA Actions on Nutrition Security



Join U.S. Department of Agriculture Secretary Vilsack at Teachers College, Columbia University where he will deliver an address about USDA Actions on Nutrition Security



Thursday, March 17 • 2:15 pm ET • www.usda.gov/live



Our work is driven by research and grounded in science

It's woven into our policies, informs each of our decisions, and most importantly, impacts every life we touch.

https://www.usda.gov/nutrition-security/research





USDA's Four Pillar Approach



Providing Nutrition Support from Pregnancy to Birth and Beyond



Connecting All Americans with Healthy, Safe, Affordable Food



Developing, Translating, and Enacting Nutrition Science Through Partnership



Prioritizing Equity Every Step of the Way



Meaningful Support

- Support healthy eating patterns
- Reflect the latest nutrition science
- Deliver high-quality nutrition education
- Promote and support breastfeeding





SNAP benefits increased by 21%





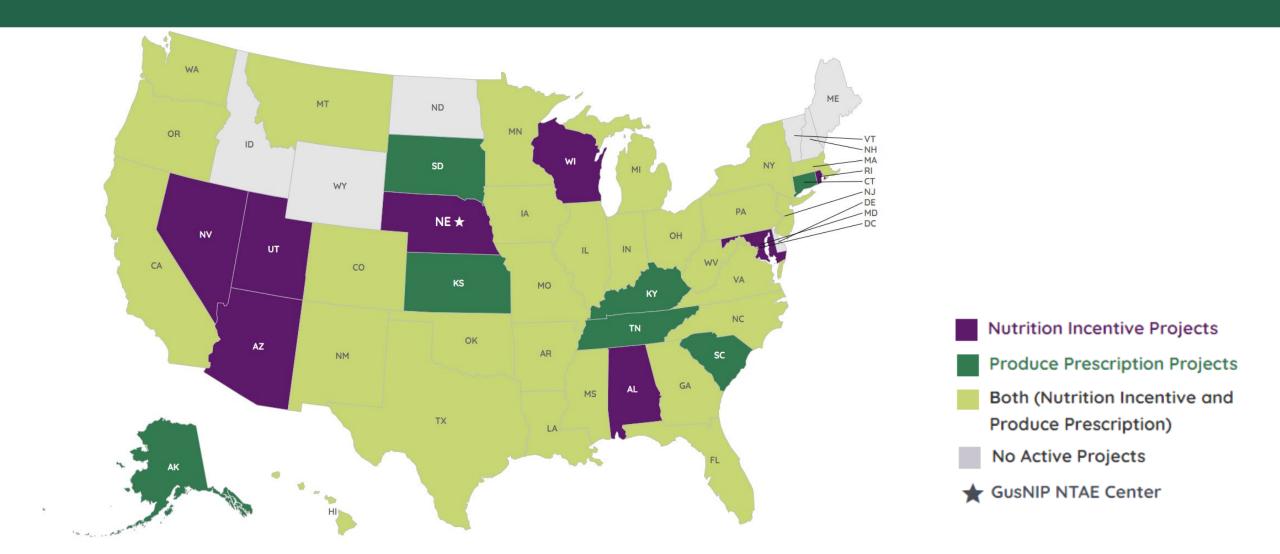
Healthy Food

- Promote and support fruit and vegetable consumption
- Utilize incentive programs
- Provide food for people in need





GusNIP Grantees







CREATED BY GUSNIP NTAE CENTER

- Increased fruit and vegetable intake
- Purchased more than \$20M in fruits and vegetables from local retailers
- Incentive spending generated an economic impact of approximately \$41M

https://www.nutritionincentivehub.org/media/fjohmr2 n/gusnip-ntae-impact-findings-year-2.pdf







Collaborative Action

- Update and build the evidence base for the *Dietary Guidelines for Americans* (DGAs)
- Translate the latest DGAs
- Equip child nutrition program operators
- Tailor products to our programs











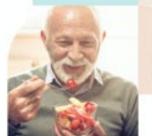


2020 - 2025

Make Every Bite Count With the *Dietary Guidelines*











DietaryGuidelines.gov

Critical SNAP-Ed Changes

- Created a Nutrition Education branch
- Hired first Branch Chief
- Established a National license for N-PEARS
- Improving data collection
- Encouraging maximum flexibility in approaches





Equitable Systems

- Native American/Tribal School food programs
- Expanding online shopping options for SNAP and WIC
- Bridging language barriers
- Reaching underserved populations
- Diverse partners to foster healthy food options through diverse partners







White House Conference on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health









National Strategy on Hunger, Nutrition, and Health

Anchored around five pillars and provides a roadmap for:

- Actions the federal government will take administratively;
- Several legislative proposals; and
- A call to action for private sector; local, state, Tribal, territory governments; philanthropy; civil society; and other partners



Integrate nutrition and health

Empower all consumers to make and have access to healthy choices Support physical activity for all

Enhance nutrition and food security research



National Strategy Pillar 1:

Improve food access and affordability



- Increase access to local and regional food systems
- Fund training and equipment purchases
- Invest in the school nutrition workforce
- Expand nutrition education for children



National Strategy Pillar 2:

Integrate nutrition and health



- Prioritize nutrition and food security in overall health
- Recognize the need for disease prevention and management
- Screen for food insecurity



Come to the Table:

USDA's

National Nutrition Security and Healthcare Summit

Tuesday, October 25 9:30 am to 3:30 pm ET

Goal: Encourage action and engagement



Outcomes

- Raise awareness of USDA equities
- Strengthen and build connections
- Increase exposure to successful models

Support a diverse WIC workforce







National Strategy Pillar 3:

Empower all consumers to make and have access to healthy choices

- Increase access to healthy food
- Encourage healthy workplace and school policies
- Invest in public education campaigns

PROPOSED UPDATES TO THE WIC FOOD PACKAGES



OVERVIEW

WIC is a powerful public health program, proven to help moms, babies, and young children thrive. USDA's Food and Nutrition Service is recommending science-based updates to the food provided to WIC participants to best meet their nutritional needs and foster healthy growth and development. Some of the proposed changes are highlighted below.



BREASTFEEDING SUPPORT

Increase support for mothers who mostly, but not exclusively, breastfeed to support individual breastfeeding goals



SEAFOOD

Improve access to canned fish to reflect the latest dietary guidance



DAIRY AND EGGS

Provide more options, such as different sizes of yogurt containers or substituting soy yogurt for milk or tofu for eggs



FRUITS AND VEGETABLES

Increase fruit and vegetable benefit by 3-4x, focus on whole fruit, and increase variety of fruits, veggies, and legumes offered



GRAINS

Expand whole grain options to include things like quinoa, blue cornmeal, and whole wheat bagels

USDA is an equal opportunity provider, employer, and lender.

November 2022



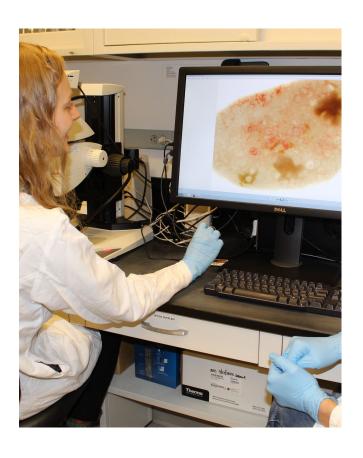
National Strategy Pillar 4:

Support physical activity for all



- Ensure access to safe places to be active
- Increase awareness on the benefits of physical activity
- Conduct research on and measure physical activity





National Strategy Pillar 5:

Enhance nutrition and food security research

- Increase access to local and regional food systems
- Fund training and equipment purchases
- Invest in the school nutrition workforce
- Expand nutrition education for children



https://www.usda.gov/sites/default/files/documents/wh-2022-nutrition-conference-fns-role.pdf

Recent FNS Food & Nutrition Security Investments



Increasing
SNAP Benefits
to Support
Healthy Eating



Bringing SNAP and WIC Shopping Online



Modernizing WIC to Improve Reach



Strengthening
Evidence to
Inform FNS
Policy and
Nutrition
Services



Supporting a Diverse WIC Workforce



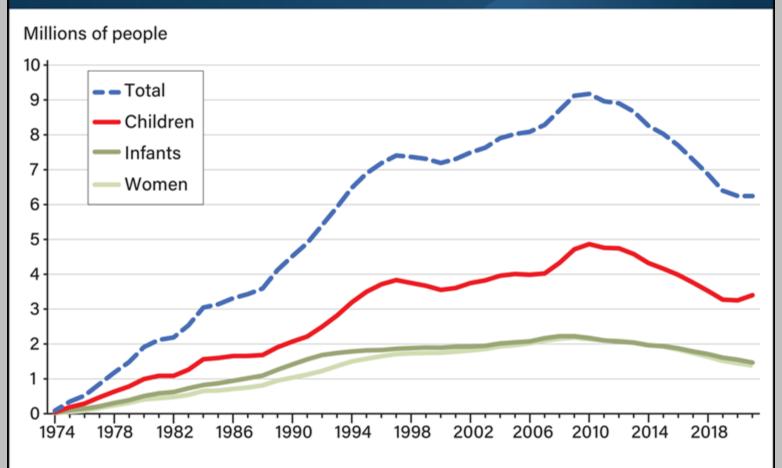
Restructuring SNAP-Ed



- Building
 awareness that
 food insecurity
 and diet-related
 diseases are rising
 but preventable
- Mobilizing key USDA assets
- Collaborating with partners— like you

Average monthly WIC participation by group, fiscal years 1974–2021





Notes: Children refers to children ages 1 through 4 years. WIC = Special Supplemental Nutrition Program for Women, Infants, and Children. Figure based on preliminary data from the January 2022 Program Information Report (Keydata) released by USDA, Food and Nutrition Service (FNS) in April 2022 and September 2021 Keydata released by FNS in December 2021.

Source: USDA, Economic Research Service using data from FNS.







Thank You & Stay Connected



www.usda.gov/nutrition-security



